

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1879.

Latest from Washington.

The SENATE, in considering the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, struck out the clause repealing the test oath of jurors in Federal Courts; also, repealing that part of the Revised Statutes providing for Supervisors and Deputy Marshals of Elections.

The SENATE passed an amendment to the bill granting pensions to the soldiers of the Mexican war, but a Radical Senator from the liberal State of Massachusetts, said that Jeff. Davis having been in the Mexican war, would draw a pension, and immediately moved a reconsideration of the vote, when an amendment was offered that no pension shall ever be paid to Jefferson Davis, under this act, which was carried by a vote of 23 to 22.

Hayes has vetoed the anti-Chinese bills.

He has signed the Tobacco bill, and that is now the law, to go into effect the 1st of May.

State Legislature's time will be out Saturday.

The 45th Congress adjourned on the 4th inst. It is thought an extra session is inevitable as much business of importance was left undone.

Hon. Wade Hampton resigned as Governor of South Carolina, Wednesday, and was at once duly commissioned as United States Senator and his certificate of election forwarded to Washington.

Hon. Wm. M. Robbins.—Last week Mr. Robbins spoke on the Sugar bill and made a bold attack on what he called the refiners' monopoly and the sugar ring, intimating that the alleged members thereof had been using questionable devices in attempting to prevent even the consideration of the sugar question in the House. He also made a vigorous attack on the polariscope test proposed by the Treasury Department. He defended the provisions of the bill reported from the Ways and Means Committee, claiming that they were intended to favor the interests of the whole people—the consumers.

Washington correspondents of the Baltimore and Richmond papers speak in high terms of the speech.

Later, Mr. Robbins withdrew his bill stating that it would not be reached this session.

How it was in the Olden Time. The Charlotte Observer says: Speaking of salaries, fees and retrenchment, a recurrence to the salaries paid our public officials in the earlier days of the State will be interesting just now. An almanac for the year 1844 is before us, and suggests a comparison. At that time John M. Morehead was Governor of North Carolina and his salary was \$2000; that of his secretary was \$800 and fees; the Secretary of State received \$800 and fees; the Treasurer \$1,500 and \$500 for a clerk; the comptroller \$1000; the Judges of the Supreme Court—Rufin Gaston and Daniel—\$2,500 each, and the Judges of the Superior Court \$1750. There is no questioning the fact that the salaries paid in 1844 commanded the services of just as able and upright men as those paid in 1876. How will the salaries proposed to be paid henceforth, under the Senate's retrenchment enactments compare with those of '44? The question turns upon the purchasing power of a dollar then and a dollar now.

Mineral Resources of North Carolina—Lamellar Talc.

We have been shown by Mr. Wm. M. Swann samples of Lamellar Talc, both white and pink in color, and testing the article by rubbing it in the palm of the hand, as well as "between the teeth," we find it almost an impalpable powder in its extreme fineness, free from grit, and as soft as satin, glass or hair.

This material is found at and near the surface, and in two immense beds covering about 100 acres, and are the only deposit of this kind known in the United States where the article is found in a powdered state, thereby lessening the cost of production (in a marketable shape) in a great degree, requiring no expensive machinery and yielding a profit in its varied uses of from one to four hundred percent. We have also shown a sample of Kaolin compared with and pronounced equal to the best English.

Next in Mr. Swann's list of valuable samples is one of clay of exceeding lightness and porosity, susceptible to the highest polish, in fact, the kind of clay used in the manufacture of the highest-priced meerschaum pipes, similar to the imported article from Turkey, and the dust and scruples are unequalled as a polisher, leaving no scratch upon the finest jewelry or plate.

Rid ridiculous red stentor dolomite and limestone which sale (the latter also in a powdered state) are included in Mr. Swann's samples. In the development and production of which he is willing to transfer an interest to any capitalist who may be looking for the best paying investment now offered in the market.

Some of the seas of tale.—For making paints, as a lubricator, used in making soap, jeweler's rouge, cosmetics, facings car and bollers, rubber goods, stove polish, wall paper, for making commercial wrapping paper.

These valuable minerals are to be found near the line of the Western Railroad, not far from Fayetteville.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The mayor of Sheffield stated at a meeting yesterday that in one district in that town there are 4,000 persons destitute and 400 families actually starving. The relief fund, except £200 pounds, is exhausted.

PLAIN FACTS.

Speech of Hon. J. J. Davis on the Repeal of the Election Laws.
Congressional Record House Proceedings of February 24th.

Mr. Davis, of North Carolina, New, in regard to Rhode Island, I have only to say that there are free white men who are not allowed to vote. With two Representatives on this floor, she only cast 26,627 votes at the last Presidential election out of a voting population of more than twice that number. In 1876 there were nearly 6,000 more votes cast in my single district than were cast in the State of Rhode Island—that is less than one-half her citizens are allowed to vote and they may possibly have to resort to another Dorr trial to secure their rights as freemen.

Now, in reply to the gentleman from Ohio. He said the other day: "Not one man on that side of the House has sought in any way to do anything to purify the ballot-box, but we have favored free frauds in our elections."

Is it possible the gentleman from Ohio meant that? I trust he did not. It is language that cannot be reasonably applied to a single gentleman on this side of the House. It is not true, and if applied to any one on this side would be pronounced false and slanderous. Why, sir, this is the old cry of "Wolf!" "Stop thief!" this cry of fraud in elections. Why, sir, in 1876 the Democratic majority of all the votes cast was fully a quarter of a million over that cast for the Republican candidate, and among only the white race it was nearly quite one million, and yet the voice of the people was stifled by fraud, primarily by forgery, by the improper use of the powers of Federal officers all over the land, and by the improper use of the Army. Having the control of an army of office-holders, with the aid of supervisors and marshals appointed for partisan purposes and paid out of the public funds by assessments on office-holders, and the improper use of official power, the will of the people was defrauded.

Sir, this amendment is a protest against fraud and outrages in elections: a protest against the improper use of Federal patronage and Federal power; and it is strange that a charge such as that made by the gentleman from Ohio should come from that side of the House.

Sir, I may be pardoned for a little feeling when I hear not only my whole party abused, but when I hear statements made in regard to my section and myself, which I know to be untrue, and which go all over the land to prejudice and poison the public mind.

I repeat, gentlemen, you cannot find a man on this side of the House who in any way "approves of fraud in elections" or in anything else.

That, perhaps, rather to the gentleman's own party friends in Louisiana and Florida all of whom, so far as I know, have been rewarded by his party; known and recognized perjurers have been rewarded by the bestowal of office, I will not say (because I hope it is not true) with the approval of the gentleman, who is expected here to-morrow.

low the great law of self-interest which governs other men—especially our Republican friends—and vote in accordance with their interests. In my section, at least, he is beginning to find that his interest is not with the Republican party, which unduly taxes the products of his labor—the party which put a tax of twenty-four cents per pound on his tobacco to pay the interest on the untaxed millions of the bondholder and the capitalist.

A protest was entered against the passage of the bill to change the name of the Western Railroad Company and to authorize its consolidation with the Mt. Airy Railroad Company. After some discussion, it was moved and carried that the protest be read on the journal of the Senate.

Mr. Graham stated that all he desired to-night was a vote to ascertain the sense of the Senate on the principle of the Moffit Bell Punch as a means of collecting the tax on spirits. He desired a trial of the system which had worked successfully in Virginia and other States. Is it the main thing liquor is made to pay the tax. The vote being taken resulted in 53 for and 8 against. The subject was then referred to a committee to report on Friday.

The Senate agreed that no Governor's house be built, as none was required or needed, and that the property known as the Governor's mansion be reserved in case it should be needed. The office of Governor's Clerk was abolished.

Under a suspension of the rules Mr. Taylor called up Senate bill to amend the law in relation to fences. [Strikes out simply the provision making it a misdemeanor to have a fence less than five feet high, as a dead letter, leading only to malicious prosecution. The bill passed its third reading by a vote of 25 to 16, and goes to the House.

In the HOUSE, the bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

At the night session, bill for the protection of birds, passed its several readings.

Bill to prohibit the carrying of concealed deadly weapons. The bill prohibits any man from carrying any pistol, bowie knife, dagger, dirk, brass, iron or metallic knucks, loaded sticks or sling shot concealed except on his own premises, and unloads the having them prima facie evidence of concealment. It passed.

Bill to establish stock laws in sections where one-fourth of the bona fide owners of lands shall petition the county commissioners therefor, who shall appoint a fence commission to have charge of the matter. The bill was made special order for Friday at noon.

Bill of the same nature, but applying to Glaston, Cleveland, Rowan, Johnston, Union, Anson, Davie, Cabarrus, Sarpy, Yadkin, Chatham, Caswell, Rockingham and Forsyth. The stock law to be submitted as a vote of the people, upon the application of one-fifth of the qualified voters of the counties mentioned. This bill passed its second reading.

Bill to limit the commissions on the collection of railroad taxes in Forsyth county. Read second and third time and ordered to be enrolled.

The Senate, to-day, was principally engaged on Sunday trains, and investigation of bribery and thievery.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

House bill to prevent the desecration of the Sabbath day, being the special order for 12 m., was considered.

Mr. Caldwell favored the bill. It would put a stop to an intolerable nuisance in the form of Sunday excursion trips and would be a great relief to all engaged in the railroad service. He hoped the Senate would follow the example of the House in showing a proper respect for the Sabbath.

Mr. Everett moved to amend by excluding trains of what was known as through freights. Lost.

The bill then passed its last reading under a call for the ayes and nays, and the vote stood—aye 36 noes 3.

The bill read as follows: "An act to prevent the desecration of the Sabbath day."

Section 1. That no railroad company shall permit the loading or unloading of any freight car on the Sabbath day (known as Sunday) within the limits of this State.

Sec. 2. That no railroad company shall permit any car, train of cars, or locomotive, to be run on Sunday or any road within the limits of the State, except such as may be absolutely necessary for the transportation of the U. S. mails, and except in cases of urgent necessity other than for the purpose of business and pleasure: Provided, That the word Sunday as used in this act shall be construed to embrace only that part of the day between sunrise and sunset.

Section 3. That any railroad company offending against either of the above sections shall be liable to indictment for a misdemeanor in each county in or through which such car, train of cars, or locomotive, shall pass, or on which such freight car shall be loaded or unloaded, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars for each offense.

Section 4. That the fine imposed shall, when collected, be paid into the public treasury of the State for the use of the public schools of the State.

A committee was appointed to investigate the current report that threats and promises were made and improper influence by parties interested in the question of the public printing during the early part of the session of the General Assembly, &c.

In the HOUSE, bill to provide for the collecting of judgments in favor of counties, against defaulting officers, passed.

Bill for the better security of counties in cases for criminal actions. Mr. Carter said the bill would save the counties much costs, now charged, often wrongfully.

The bill then passed its readings.

Bill to amend the charter of the Goldsboro, Harrell & Fayetteville Railroad, failed to pass.

Bill to make Justices of the Peace Rangers passed.

Bill to establish a court to establish the department of agriculture. This bill limits the salary of the superintendent to \$1,000, of the chemist to \$1,500, and limits the annual amount to expend by the department to \$7,000. It further provides for the payment of the treasury of the money so devoted to the department and the payment of the same by the treasurer. Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

In SENATE, Thursday, by Mr. Graham, of Lincoln, a general chapter 202, laws of 1874-75, to protect the State's interest in railroads. [The bill provides that the Governor, in his opinion, it may become necessary, may take the affairs of railroads in which the State has an interest investigated by the Board of Internal Improvements, and take such other action as he may deem necessary to protect the interests of the State.] Referred.

In the HOUSE, bill to amend the charter of Mr. Austin, the rates were suspended, and the bill authorizing the killing of stock on the Carolina Railroad indubitably passed its third

The State Legislature.

ABSTRACT OF PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Caldwell introduced a resolution providing for an investigation into the charge of a corrupt combination of Senators on the passage of the Western Railroad bill. Calander.

A protest was entered against the passage of the bill to change the name of the Western Railroad Company and to authorize its consolidation with the Mt. Airy Railroad Company. After some discussion, it was moved and carried that the protest be read on the journal of the Senate.

Mr. Graham stated that all he desired to-night was a vote to ascertain the sense of the Senate on the principle of the Moffit Bell Punch as a means of collecting the tax on spirits. He desired a trial of the system which had worked successfully in Virginia and other States.

Is it the main thing liquor is made to pay the tax. The vote being taken resulted in 53 for and 8 against. The subject was then referred to a committee to report on Friday.

The Senate agreed that no Governor's house be built, as none was required or needed, and that the property known as the Governor's mansion be reserved in case it should be needed. The office of Governor's Clerk was abolished.

Under a suspension of the rules

Mr. Taylor called up Senate bill to amend the law in relation to fences. [Strikes out simply the provision making it a dead letter, leading only to malicious prosecution. The bill passed its third reading by a vote of 25 to 16, and goes to the House.

In the HOUSE, the bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select committee, with instructions to confer with the Finance committee and report a bill.

The bill to regulate the sale of liquor in this State, was taken up and recommended to the select

The People's Press.

Post Office Directory.

Salem, N. C. Post Office Arrangements. Office hours from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 6 p. m., during the week, and on Sunday from 7 to 8 a. m.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAIIS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro to Salem closes every day, except Sunday at 4:45, p. m. Due every day, except Sunday, by 10:50 p. m.

MOUNT AIRY, via Winston, Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek. Closes every day except Sunday, at 6:30, a. m. Due every day, except Sunday, at 6, p. m.

DANBURY, via Winston, Flat Branch, Sedge Garden, Germanton and Walnut Cove. Closes every day except Sunday at 6:30, a. m. Due every day, except Sunday, at 5, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE, via Lewisville and Panther Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 10, a. m.

RICHMOND HILL, via Mount Taylor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend. Closes Monday and Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday and Saturday by 2, p. m.

FULTON, via Friedberg, Advance and Elizaville, closes every Friday, at 6:30, A. M. Due every Saturday, by 8, A. M.

LOCAL ITEMS.

DRIED GRAPES FOR SALE.

Enquire at the Bookstore.

Eggs 10 cents a dozen now.

SHADY MOUNT close of school Saturday.

COUNTY EXAMINER receives \$1 each for teachers of public schools examined.

GARDENING has commenced in good earnest. A little too early, we fear.

SCHOOL VICTIMS go for ball and batless leisure hours.

HEAVY plank doors render safe from invaders, the Fire Company Apparatus.

E. P. ALBEE is occupying the Regis-ter's Deed office pro tem.

BUD RIGGS was lodged in jail the past week for beating a boy over the head with a bottle.

SOUR-KRUT sold freely from wagons on the street Tuesday. Was from the mountain section.

ROBERT GRAY is paving the remainder of the side-walk fronting his new stores in Winston.

N. S. COOK, administrator of the estate of Nancy Huff, deceased, a notice of which appears elsewhere.

MISS MATTIE A. WINKLER came back from Goldsboro, Saturday evening, accompanied by Miss Hennie Burwell, of that city.

\$50 WERE about the gross proceeds of the Light Infantry'syster supper, Friday evening, and the occasion quite an enjoyable one.

Our Fire Company paraded Saturday. The new hose carriage appeared and we were surprised to see such a little affair.

A REGULAR meeting of the Rough and Ready Fire Company, in the Commissioner's Hall, at 7 p. m., Saturday.

FOUR subscription lists have been going the rounds, all said to be deserving of charity.

ROAD-WORKING going on now, which is always a sign that Court is near at hand.

A PETITION was circulated about town Saturday, asking the County Commissioners to open a road from Mr. L. Brizot's lane, to cross the old paper mill dam, and connect with the Clemmons-ville road near Mr. Miller's. The Board spoke favorably of the request Tuesday morning, and will take final action at their next meeting.

THE Young Men's Christian Association of Winston, have improved considerably the appearance of their rooms above Langfeld's store. A reading room is carried on in connection, and a large number of papers kept on file. Efforts are being made to obtain a good library, and books stored for the purpose manifested by such a number of the young men in its welfare.

A WAY in the dark corners of our office, we unearthed the following rhythmic notice posted there many years ago. Although ancient, it is yet very practical and those who may ever desire to visit a printing office should read and observe it:

"All you that come this curious art to see,
And know what must caution be:
For by a slight touch, ere you aware,
Some mischief may be done you won't repair;

"Lo! this advice is given to every stranger,
Look on, and welcome; but to touch there's danger."

GOOD Spades, Rakes and Hoes are required for successful gardening.—Allen, at the Winston Hardware Store, has them at all prices. Call on him.

We counted 10 wagons quartered for the night in Patterson & Co.'s wagon yard, Tuesday which shows there is life in the old town yet.

MRS. MOON, the Quaker revivalist, is holding successful meetings at Durham, in the M. E. Church, and there have been 60 conversions.

The February number of the Academy closes the 1st volume of this interesting little publication. The editors are cheerful over its success so far and hopeful for the future.

OUR townsmen, Wm. Tate, has gone to Tennessee, canvassing the State with a patent plow of his invention and Reich's churn and egg-heater.

A DANKEY, drunk and down, was found near the R. R. bridge Sunday evening. Placed in a wagon he was carted to his home in Waughtown, by friends, luckily, before the police spied him.

THE SENTINEL—The services of J. T. Darlington, of the Danbury Reporter, have been secured on the Winston Sentinel, and a semi-weekly will be issued from that office at an early date.

ROBT. OWENS, white, and Bush Hair-ton, col., convicted of larceny in April, 1878, at Davie County Superior Court, were discharged from the penitentiary Saturday.

PROF. HARTLEY, the famous reader and personator of humorous and pathetic selections, comedy and tragedy, will be here in a few days and give one of his delightful entertainments.

100 BUSHELS, prime, clean, CLOVER, ORCHARD GRASS, TIMOTHY, HERBS and KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS SEEDS, by the bag or pound, for sale by

H. D. LOTT.

83t.

THE agitation for a removal of the Express Office from the depot to a more convenient place in town still continues. But so long as Express packages are delivered free to and from its present location, what's the difference.

A NUMBER of light road vehicles, Cincinnati manufacture, were auctioned off in Winston, Tuesday. This foreign import has not a tendency to improve the home trade, and should receive less encouragement. That's the way our money goes.

"New York Emanuel paint," is what this calls the celebrated New York Emanuel Paint for sale at S. E. Allen's Hardware Store, Winston.

MISS ALBEE is occupying the Register's Deed office pro tem.

BUD RIGGS was lodged in jail the past week for beating a boy over the head with a bottle.

SOUR-KRUT sold freely from wagons on the street Tuesday. Was from the mountain section.

ROBERT GRAY is paving the remainder of the side-walk fronting his new stores in Winston.

N. S. COOK, administrator of the estate of Nancy Huff, deceased, a notice of which appears elsewhere.

MISS MATTIE A. WINKLER came back from Goldsboro, Saturday evening, accompanied by Miss Hennie Burwell, of that city.

\$50 WERE about the gross proceeds of the Light Infantry'syster supper, Friday evening, and the occasion quite an enjoyable one.

Our Fire Company paraded Saturday. The new hose carriage appeared and we were surprised to see such a little affair.

A REGULAR meeting of the Rough and Ready Fire Company, in the Commissioner's Hall, at 7 p. m., Saturday.

FOUR subscription lists have been going the rounds, all said to be deserving of charity.

ROAD-WORKING going on now, which is always a sign that Court is near at hand.

A PETITION was another new feature in Winston's business life, Friday and Saturday nights.

MRS. NANCY HUFF died last Wednesday at her residence a few miles from town, of pneumonia.

REV. A. LIGHTENHAGER presides at the Moravian Church organ during Prof. Linkbecks absence.

THE two lots on Marshal Street, near A. M. Jones', were sold Saturday for about \$80 each, Dr. Baldwin being the purchaser.

SEVERAL new trees have been planted in the Public Square, and the Academy's editors suggest flower beds and a fountain.

A VERY respectable sum was raised by subscription for the benefit of Mr. Brindle, who suffered so severely by fire last week.

THE Young Men's Missionary Society will meet at the Reading Room, on Sunday, at 24 o'clock. Officers are to be elected and a full attendance desired.

NEAR \$50 is announced as the collection for the Bohemian Mission, taken up in the Moravian Church Sunday morning.

GOOD Spades, Rakes and Hoes are required for successful gardening.—Allen, at the Winston Hardware Store, has them at all prices. Call on him.

We counted 10 wagons quartered for the night in Patterson & Co.'s wagon yard, Tuesday which shows there is life in the old town yet.

MRS. MOON, the Quaker revivalist, is holding successful meetings at Durham, in the M. E. Church, and there have been 60 conversions.

The February number of the Academy closes the 1st volume of this interesting little publication. The editors are cheerful over its success so far and hopeful for the future.

OUR townsmen, Wm. Tate, has gone to Tennessee, canvassing the State with a patent plow of his invention and Reich's churn and egg-heater.

A DANKEY, drunk and down, was found near the R. R. bridge Sunday evening. Placed in a wagon he was carted to his home in Waughtown, by friends, luckily, before the police spied him.

THE SENTINEL—The services of J. T. Darlington, of the Danbury Reporter, have been secured on the Winston Sentinel, and a semi-weekly will be issued from that office at an early date.

ROBT. OWENS, white, and Bush Hair-ton, col., convicted of larceny in April, 1878, at Davie County Superior Court, were discharged from the penitentiary Saturday.

PROF. HARTLEY, the famous reader and personator of humorous and pathetic selections, comedy and tragedy, will be here in a few days and give one of his delightful entertainments.

100 BUSHELS, prime, clean, CLOVER, ORCHARD GRASS, TIMOTHY, HERBS and KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS SEEDS, by the bag or pound, for sale by

H. D. LOTT.

83t.

THE agitation for a removal of the Express Office from the depot to a more convenient place in town still continues. But so long as Express packages are delivered free to and from its present location, what's the difference.

A NUMBER of light road vehicles, Cincinnati manufacture, were auctioned off in Winston, Tuesday. This foreign import has not a tendency to improve the home trade, and should receive less encouragement. That's the way our money goes.

FEBRUARY furnished a fair quota in the matrimonial market, and the following licenses filed at the Register of Deeds office.

JACOB S. SHORE and Martha Krueger, W. E. Jarvis and F. E. Kerner, C. A. Phillips and D. G. Crater, L. S. Marion and Caroline Baker, Wm. D. Gibson and Nancy Marshall, W. R. H. Lock to W. H. Huff, W. W. Williams to Ellen Clayton, J. R. Smith to Mary Sayers, C. B. Steers to Emma L. Miller, Robert Ford to Emily Hendrix, Feli Windso to L. Roberts, P. J. Sapp to N. I. Hanover.

12 copies sum the total for the shortest month of the year.

POPULAR SONGS—WILL L. THOMPSON's songs have recently become so popular that a music firm in Boston has made a collection of them, fifteen thousand have been copied to or, copies to supply the demand: "Gathering Sunflowers" from the S. S. Shore; "Delightful winter," "The Poor Old Tramp," "Easter Tide," "The Beautiful Song and Chorus," piece is a beautiful Song and Chorus—Any music—receipt of price, 40 cents.

OUR SILVER CORNETS have received and accepted the call to furnish music at Chapel Hill Commencement, in June next. This will be the band's third year of attendance, in succession, and the general satisfaction given in the past, secured our boys the preference above for them by describing to us this notice.

REVENUE RECEIPTS in this, the 5th District, of N. C., for the week ending Saturday, February 22nd, are as follows: Monday, \$1,866.06; Tuesday, \$1, 986.93; Wednesday, \$1,924.17; Thursday, \$1,894.18; Friday, \$1,849.59; Saturday, \$9.41. Total, \$17,940.24.

OUR SILVER CORNETS have received and accepted the call to furnish music at Chapel Hill Commencement, in June next. This will be the band's third year of attendance, in succession, and the general satisfaction given in the past, secured our boys the preference above for them by describing to us this notice.

PREMIUM SALE OF TOBACCO.—A small warehouse gave a grand price of tobacco on Tuesday, a list of which was furnished us by Mr. Wiles, the principal floor manager. Owing to the cold and dry weather, the break was nothing like it would have been had the season proved more favorable, and very little fine grade tobacco came in. Nevertheless all were pleased with the result and those are the premiums:

1st Premium—G. C. McMurtry, of Davie County, for the best pipe Fancy Wrappers, 100 pounds, 1 sack of coffee.

2nd Premium—J. R. Jewell, Stokes County, for the best 2d grade Wrappers, 197 pounds, 1 barrel, mostly flour.

3rd Premium—W. H. Carroll, Stokes County, for finest Smokers, 134 pounds, 1 bolt white cloth.

4th Premium—J. D. Tatton, Stokes County, for the best Fillers, 189 pounds, 1 bolt of calico.

5th Premium—F. Beck, Forsyth County, for the best 2d grade Fillers, 1 sack of salt.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

The premium for Mahogany Wrappers was not awarded as there was none on the market answering description.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE premium for Mahogany Wrappers was not awarded as there was none on the market answering description.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

THE "Academy" editors in the Foyneany number speak of their visit to our printing office and what they saw there.

AGRICULTURAL.

Pond's Medicines
HEALING AND COMFORTING.

Enormous Crops of 1878.

The December Report of the Department of Agriculture just published at Washington, gives the latest estimate of the past year's crops throughout the country corrected down to the first of the month. The following summary of it will show how closely it approximates to the figures on the subject we placed before our readers during the fall. According to the Report, the corn crop for 1878 is some 30,000,000 bushels larger than that of 1877. The oat crop is somewhat in excess of that of 1877, making it the largest ever raised in this country. The average yield per acre is however, less than in 1877, and the quality in most of the States is inferior. There is no material change in the barley crop from 1877, except that California increased her acreage from 450,000 to 650,000 acres, and almost doubled her yield per acre. The total product for the year will be in round numbers 42,000,000 bushels against 34,500,000 bushels in 1877. The rye crop is about one-sixth larger than in 1877, but the quality of the crop is inferior in the New England (except Connecticut) and Southern States, while in the States of the West, Northwest and Pacific slope it is superior, except in Illinois and Nebraska. The potato crop shows a large decline as compared with 1877; though the average area was about the same, the difference being less than one per cent. The average yield of the whole country will be 60 bushels per acre against 94 bushels in 1877, making total a product in round numbers 120,000,000 bushels for 1878, against 170,000,000 in 1877. The hay crop is 20 per cent. greater than last year.—Sorghum is receiving increased attention, especially in the trans-Mississippi States and Territories. In Stearns Co., Minn., the variety called Amber Cane is reported as yielding as high as 300 gallons of syrup per acre. Delaware County, Iowa, manufactured 100,000 gallons of syrup during the year, and found a home demand for the whole.—The tobacco crop is larger and exceptionally good.

PAT'S CRITICISM.

There's a story that's old,
But good if twice told,
Of a doctor of little skill,
Who had a remedy,
On a "new-fangled" plan,
With the help of a strongly-made pill.

On his portal of pine
Hung an iron sign
Dealing in mortal sin,
And a lake where a sprite,
With apparent delight,
Was sporting in sweet dishabille.

Pat McCarver, one day,
He saw him at that portal of pine,
Stood when the doctor with pride
Stepped up to his side,
Saying, "Pat, how is that for a sign?"

"There's wan thing," says Pat,
"Ye've lit off o' that,
THE BAPTISM, is quite a mistake
It's trim and its rate,
But to make it complete,
Ye should have a foine burn on the lake."

HUMOROUS.

A Puzzled Dutchman.

I ISH SO GLAD I VASH HERE TO-NIGHT.
A Wisconsin secular paper contains the following good story. One who does not believe in immersion for baptism was holding a protracted meeting, and one night preached on the subject of baptism. In the course of his remarks he said, some believe it necessary to go down into the water and come up out of it, to be baptized. But this is claimed to be fallacy, for the preposition 'into' of the Scriptures should be rendered differently, for it does not mean into at all times. "Moses," he said, we are told, "went up into the mountain, and the Savior was taken into a high mountain," etc. Now we do not suppose that either went into the mountain, but unto it. With going down into the water means simply going down close by or near the water, and being baptized in the ordinary way by sprinkling or pouring.

He carried this idea out fully, and in due season and style closed his discourse, when an invitation was given for any so disposed to arise and express his thoughts. Quite a number of the brethren arose and said they were glad they had been present on this occasion; that they were pleased with the sound sermon they had just heard, and felt their souls greatly blessed. Finally a corpulent gentleman of Teutonic extraction, a stranger to all, arose and broke a silence that was almost painful, as follows:

Mister Breacher, I ish so glad I vash here-to-night, for I had no explained to my mint some dings dat I never could relief before. Oh, I ish so glat dat into does not mean into at all, but shust close by or near to, for now I can relief manish dings vot I could not relief before. We reat, Mister Breacher, dat Daniel was into der ten of lions and came out alive! Now I nefer could peff dat, for de wile peasta would shust eat him right off; now it is ferry clear to my mint. He was shust close by arnes to, and I did not get into der ten at all. Oh, I ish so glad I vash here-to-night!

Again we reat dot der Hebrew shil-dre vash cast into the firish furnish, and dot air awish lookt like a peeg story, too, for they would have been burnt up, but it is all plain to my mint now, for they were shust cast near by or close to the firish furnish. Oh! I ish so glad I vash here-to-night.

Aid den, Mister Breacher, it ish said dot Jonah vash cast into der sea and taken into der whale belly. Now I nof. He could relief dot. It always seemed to me to be a peeg fish story, but it is all plain to my mint now. He was not into der whale belly at all, but shust shustum onto his pack and rods ash! Oh! I ish so glad I vash here, if you

And now, Mister Breacher bassages of will shust explain'e, so happy do I descriptures. To-night! One of dem ish vash, saish dat wicked shall pe cast into a lake dots puns with fire and primissons always! O Mister Breacher, shall I pe cast into dot lake if I am wicked or shust close py or near to, shust near enough to be comfortable?

O I hopes you tell me I shall pe cast only shust by a goat way off, and I will pe so glat I vash here, to-night! The other bassage ish dot vich sains, pleased are they who do dose commandments, that they may have right to the tree of life and enter in through the gates of the city and not shust close by or near to, shust near enough to see I have lost, and I shall pe so glat I vash here tonight!

Incongruities will sometimes occur, in spite of fate, but because fate take a sort of sarcastic delight in producing them. A man who weighs several hundred pounds is almost always deluded into taking for a wife a woman small enough that he can easily take her under his arm. Only the other day we heard of a man who was more than four feet high, while his wife was considerably less than five feet.

The minister tried to dissuade them, but the groom simply replied, "Well, sir, the long and the short of it is—when the clergyman broke in with 'Yes, yes, I see, it's the long and short of it that I am to unite in matrimony,'

A breeder of fowls says one of his cocking, when eating corn, takes one peck at a time, and then drops the grain, and then takes another peck, and so on.

Make hay when the sun shines. No eight or ten hours per day. But if it is necessary, put in part of the night to secure the hay in good order.

AGRICULTURAL.

Pond's Medicines
HEALING AND COMFORTING.

Enormous Crops of 1878.

The December Report of the Department of Agriculture just published at Washington, gives the latest estimate of the past year's crops throughout the country corrected down to the first of the month. The following summary of it will show how closely it approximates to the figures on the subject we placed before our readers during the fall. According to the Report, the corn crop for 1878 is some 30,000,000 bushels larger than that of 1877. The oat crop is somewhat in excess of that of 1877, making it the largest ever raised in this country. The average yield per acre is however, less than in 1877, and the quality in most of the States is inferior. There is no material change in the barley crop from 1877, except that California increased her acreage from 450,000 to 650,000 acres, and almost doubled her yield per acre. The total product for the year will be in round numbers 42,000,000 bushels against 34,500,000 bushels in 1877. The rye crop is about one-sixth larger than in 1877, but the quality of the crop is inferior in the New England (except Connecticut) and Southern States, while in the States of the West, Northwest and Pacific slope it is superior, except in Illinois and Nebraska. The potato crop shows a large decline as compared with 1877; though the average area was about the same, the difference being less than one per cent. The average yield of the whole country will be 60 bushels per acre against 94 bushels in 1877, making total a product in round numbers 120,000,000 bushels for 1878, against 170,000,000 in 1877. The hay crop is 20 per cent. greater than last year.—Sorghum is receiving increased attention, especially in the trans-Mississippi States and Territories. In Stearns Co., Minn., the variety called Amber Cane is reported as yielding as high as 300 gallons of syrup per acre. Delaware County, Iowa, manufactured 100,000 gallons of syrup during the year, and found a home demand for the whole.—The tobacco crop is larger and exceptionally good.

He carried this idea out fully, and in due season and style closed his discourse, when an invitation was given for any so disposed to arise and express his thoughts. Quite a number of the brethren arose and said they were glad they had been present on this occasion; that they were pleased with the sound sermon they had just heard, and felt their souls greatly blessed. Finally a corpulent gentleman of Teutonic extraction, a stranger to all, arose and broke a silence that was almost painful, as follows:

Mister Breacher, I ish so glad I vash here to-night, for I had no explained to my mint some dings dat I never could relief before. Oh, I ish so glat dat into does not mean into at all, but shust close by or near to, for now I can relief manish dings vot I could not relief before. We reat, Mister Breacher, dat Daniel was into der ten of lions and came out alive! Now I nefer could peff dat, for de wile peasta would shust eat him right off; now it is ferry clear to my mint. He was shust close by arnes to, and I did not get into der ten at all. Oh, I ish so glad I vash here to-night!

Again we reat dot der Hebrew shil-dre vash cast into the firish furnish, and dot air awish lookt like a peeg story, too, for they would have been burnt up, but it is all plain to my mint now, for they were shust cast near by or close to the firish furnish. Oh! I ish so glad I vash here-to-night.

Aid den, Mister Breacher, it ish said dot Jonah vash cast into der sea and taken into der whale belly. Now I nof. He could relief dot. It always seemed to me to be a peeg fish story, but it is all plain to my mint now. He was not into der whale belly at all, but shust shustum onto his pack and rods ash! Oh! I ish so glad I vash here, if you

And now, Mister Breacher bassages of will shust explain'e, so happy do I descriptures. To-night! One of dem ish vash, saish dat wicked shall pe cast into a lake dots puns with fire and primissons always! O Mister Breacher, shall I pe cast into dot lake if I am wicked or shust close py or near to, shust near enough to be comfortable?

O I hopes you tell me I shall pe cast only shust by a goat way off, and I will pe so glat I vash here, to-night! The other bassage ish dot vich sains, pleased are they who do dose commandments, that they may have right to the tree of life and enter in through the gates of the city and not shust close by or near to, shust near enough to see I have lost, and I shall pe so glat I vash here tonight!

Incongruities will sometimes occur, in spite of fate, but because fate take a sort of sarcastic delight in producing them. A man who weighs several hundred pounds is almost always deluded into taking for a wife a woman small enough that he can easily take her under his arm. Only the other day we heard of a man who was more than four feet high, while his wife was considerably less than five feet.

The minister tried to dissuade them, but the groom simply replied, "Well, sir, the long and the short of it is—when the clergyman broke in with 'Yes, yes, I see, it's the long and short of it that I am to unite in matrimony,'

A breeder of fowls says one of his cocking, when eating corn, takes one peck at a time, and then drops the grain, and then takes another peck, and so on.

Make hay when the sun shines. No eight or ten hours per day. But if it is necessary, put in part of the night to secure the hay in good order.

Geo. B. Everitt,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
Winston, N. C.

With an assortment of useful articles in one line, at the BOOKSTORE.

A. N. ZEVELY,
Late Assistant Post-Master General,
ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
BEFORE THE VARIOUS
DEPARTMENTS OF GOVERNMENT

OFFICE 11, E. STREET,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, DEPARTMENT
OF STATE, ADDRESS, LOCK BOX
Washington City, D. C.

RESCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E. Street, Washington City, D. C.

SUBSCRIPTION FREE!
For the treatment of all diseases, whether chronic or acute, the following prescriptions are brought out by the undersigned, and are to be had at his office, 11, E